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WHOLE NUMBER 1738.

No Other Town in the World the Size of Grants Pass Has a Paper With Full Leased Wire Telegraph Service.

1 MORE NEW INDUSTRY COMES

Planing Mill and Purchasing Company to Handle Grades of Lumber Cut by Mills in District Is Established

Grants Pass is no more than through celebrating the advent of one new industry till the coming of another is announced. Last week it was the 60,000-capacity sawmill being moved over from Jackson county, seven carloads of the machinery now being on the ground. Today it is a big planing mill and lumber purchasing agency that is to be established on the line of the new railroad in South Grants Pass.

H. J. Savidge, representing the Frank P. Doe Lumber company of San Francisco, returned from a trip to the southern city last night, and now makes the announcement that all arrangements have been perfected for the bringing of the new industry. A site of seven acres on the line of the new railroad has been leased for a period of five years, with option of purchase. This site is the tract of ground lying at the turn of the Pacific highway, on the south side of the railroad track and opposite the Edgerton sawmill. A siding is to be built from the railroad onto the property, and a planing mill of from 50,000 to 60,000 daily capacity will be erected. Mr. Savidge says that the machinery for the planer will arrive here within the next 30 days.

The new company, which already has plants of the same character in other lumbering districts, takes the better grades of lumber from neighboring mills, puts it through the planer, and ships the dressed lumber to the markets of the east. The Doe company contracts with the mills for lumber of No. 2 shop and better grades, thus making a constant and cash market for all lumber of that kind. As fast as the mills cut it, the lumber is sent to the Doe yards, and the mill owner is relieved from the search for a market or from having his capital tied up in lumber in his own yards. Through their different agencies the Doe people are in touch with all the available markets, and can thus place the lumber to much better advantage than could the individual mill men.

Mr. Savidge states that the new siding will be built at once and the new industry will be in full swing within a short time. The only building to be constructed at this time will be the planing mill. He says that he has already entered into agreement with the mills of the Schmitt Bros., of Harry Smith and of McCullom & Christie for their cut of the grades of lumber mentioned.

MAKE EFFORT TO END PITTSBURG STRIKE

Pittsburg, May 4.—Federal and state local influences are making a concerted effort to end the strike disturbances in this district today.

The Westinghouse company signified its willingness to meet a committee of the strikers. Clifton Reeves, of the federal department of labor, the state labor department representatives, and union heads are attempting to bring the companies into meetings with the workmen.

One thousand cavalry and infantry are polling the strike district. The several plants at Braddock and Rankin resumed operations. They are under close guard.

WASHINGTON IN DOUBT REGARDING KAISER'S ANSWER

Washington, May 4.—On the eve of the reception of Germany's note replying to President Wilson's submarine demands, Washington officials wavered between optimism and pessimism today. At first they were hopeful. Later, following the clearing up of garbled portions of Ambassador Gerard's cabled forecast of the reply, they were not so optimistic.

Fear was expressed that there would be so many stipulations in the kaiser's message that the administration would be unable to accept it. One thing is clear. If the note does not meet the demands in full, without irrelevant conditions and quibbling stipulations, President Wilson will regard it as unsatisfactory, and as final, and his action will be prompt. It was stated on the highest authority.

ZEPPELIN WRECK ON NORWAY COAST

London, May 4.—Probably crippled by a shortage of gasoline, the German Zeppelin L-20 lies, a complete wreck, today on the western side of Halse Firth, Norway, according to dispatches. It was seen drifting north of Sandness, with men jumping out as she neared the ground. Gusts of wind battered her against the hill tops and she finally settled against the shore of the firth. As the giant dirigible trailed across the water, the sailors still remaining aboard threw the most important parts of her machinery into the water. Several of the crew rescued by the Norwegian troops had suffered fractured limbs.

Berlin, via Sayville, May 4.—A fleet of German Zeppelins bombarded middle eastern parts of the English coast, the admiralty announced today. Bombs were dropped on blast furnaces and railroads near Middlesbrough and Stockton and industrial establishments near Sunderland.

The war office admitted that the Zeppelin L-20 had been wrecked, but asserted that the rest of the sky fleet returned safely from the latest raid on England.

WOMAN CONVICTED OF ATTEMPTED ARSON

Portland, May 4.—Mrs. Freda Leonard, 50 years old, today faced a sentence of 18 months in the penitentiary for attempted arson. She was convicted in circuit court yesterday of trying to burn her home to get the insurance.

PERSHING SCOUT KILLED TUESDAY

Namiquipa, Mex., May 3 (by Radio).—P. H. Holly, of El Paso, a rancher and scout for General Pershing, was killed Tuesday afternoon while scouting for a detachment of the Sixth cavalry near Rubio. When Holly did not return, a second detachment was sent to search for him. The soldiers found his corpse. He formerly lived at Bustillos, Mex., where he had a large cattle ranch and a farm. Rubio is 40 miles south of army headquarters and 25 miles northeast of San Antonio.

It was from Rubio that Villistas under Pablo Lopez sallied forth the night of January 12 when a train was held up and 19 Americans murdered. Holly is believed to have returned to Rubio to search for cattle which he was forced to leave when he and other Americans fled. He rendered highly valuable service to the American forces and was correspondent for a news syndicate.

GERMAN REPLY HANDED TO AMBASSADOR GERARD

Answer to the American Demand That the Teutonic Nation Cease Its Submarine Warfare on Merchantmen Was Completed and Delivered to the United States Representative at Berlin Late This Afternoon

Berlin, May 4.—The German reply to the American submarine demands was handed to Ambassador Gerard this afternoon.

Foreign Minister von Jagow handed the German reply to Gerard at 5:40 p. m. Gerard received the note at the foreign office. He then went to the embassy, where the work of coding it was begun. Clerks expect to work late on the note before it is cabled.

With the delivery of the note, the foreign office announced that the text would be made public early Friday.

Washington, May 4.—The uncertainty as to the time when the German reply to American submarine demands will be despatched to Washington, raised new doubts here today as to the document's contents.

Either direct compliance with President Wilson's wishes or evasion of the issue is expected.

By the latter is meant temporizing and raising negotiable issue while indicating that the objectionable submarine methods have actually been stopped for the present.

The time taken in framing the reply aroused a belief among officials here that a temporizing message would be most likely. Others think that the efforts to frame a reply directly complying with the demands, but not arousing too much feeling in Germany, is the explanation of the delay.

President Wilson and Secretary Lansing conferred last night. If the German reply fails to squarely meet the administration's demands, it will be deemed unsatisfactory. It was stated that the president had not wavered in his determination that Germany must acquiesce completely.

German officialdom here said that if Germany agrees on the question of principle, it only remains to determine the "method" of warfare, which the governments can agree on.

The first message from Ambassa-

dor Gerard in nearly a week, reached the state department today, telling of the German press comments on the submarine controversy.

It includes one newspaper article which said that any break must rest entirely upon President Wilson personally.

The German reply probably will not be received at the state department before Saturday, but the government expects information as to its contents tomorrow. Gerard cabled that he was forwarding a report on his conference with the German emperor. The report is expected to contain a sort of advance summary of the German attitude. Officials said it would require several hours for the translation and decoding, and that it would not be put on the wires at Berlin until tomorrow evening.

EUGENE ROY VICTIM OF UNUSUAL ACCIDENT

Eugene, May 4.—Impaled on a rusty ten-penny nail when he bumped his head into a fence post, Volna Bryant, 8 years old, screamed for help, and his father was forced to file the nail off before the lad could be released. The nail entered the cheek just to the left of the nose, and was driven through the palate bone. The end of the nail, firmly embedded in the boy's face, was removed by a surgeon.

LLOYD'S INDICATE WAR END APPROACHES

London, May 4.—Indicating a belief that the war is beginning to draw toward its close, Lloyd's today posted new insurance rates, waging only one to three that the war will end before December 31. The rate of insurance guaranteeing against loss if the war ends by the close of the year has been advancing steadily for several weeks. It is now almost prohibitive.

TEDDY SAYS HE IS NOT SEEKING THE PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION

New York, May 4.—"I am not seeking the presidential nomination, and I tell you in all sincerity that I am not in the least interested in my own personal fortunes."

This is the concluding sentence of a letter which Colonel Roosevelt sent to an Ohio German-American, who wrote suggesting that the colonel "tone down" some statements he made with regard to Belgium, so as to command the votes of Germans and Irishmen. The reply was given to the United Press and reads as follows:

"Thanks for your kind letter. You say you want the Irishmen and Germans to vote for me. If I ran I should want all Americans to vote for me. I don't care whether they were born in Ireland, Germany, England, France or whether their ancestors came over in the Mayflower. But emphatically, I would not want any human being to vote for me as an Irishman, a German, a Frenchman, an Englishman, any more than I would want him to vote for me as a Jew, a Catholic or a Protestant. I'm straight United States, and nothing else. That's all any man ought to be in this country. I would welcome the support of every good Am-

erican, no matter where born, if he is a good American. I do not want his support, if he is voting as a foreigner in this land of ours.

"Moreover, you say I ought to modify and qualify what I have said with regard to Belgium and say 'something more or less favorable to the German side.' My dear sir, I won't modify or qualify to the smallest degree anything I have said in the past 18 months upon our duties and the attitude this country ought to take.

"I am vitally interested in the welfare of the United States, American honor and national interest and am absolutely certain that this is the position which every self-respecting American ought to take."

Roosevelt came from Oyster Bay to New York today for additional throat treatment. Among his callers were James Archibald, a newspaper correspondent, and Victor Huerta, son of the late dictator of Mexico.

Roosevelt refused to comment on the results of the California primary. It was explained that in California it was necessary to mark the "United Republican" ballot in 26 places after the names of the candidates, because Roosevelt forbade the use of his name on the ticket.

TRY SIR RODGER CASEMENT UPON TREASON CHARGE

London, May 4.—Sir Roger Casement, who went from Germany to Ireland in an attempt to lead the rebellion there, was tried on a charge of high treason a few days ago. It was officially announced today. Baron Reading presided. Unless Casement escapes death because of pleading insanity, he will be executed by being hanged with a silken rope, an ancient "privilege" accorded British noblemen found guilty of crimes against the crown.

Sir Edward Carson and John Redmond, Irish leaders, have jointly appealed for mercy for the Irish rebels who fought in the ranks. It is believed that a majority of the Sinn Feiners will be lightly sentenced and that a few will be deported.

A dispatch to the Evening News reported the Dublin hospitals filled and that the bodies of 188 victims had been counted in them. This includes 66 soldiers, 122 rebels and civilians. In the morgues, said the dispatch, there are 300 bodies, some of them unrecognizable.

The majority of the reports agree that Premier Asquith announced three executions. The third man was Thomas J. Clarke, tobaccoist, in whose shop the conspiracy supposedly was hatched.

NEWLYWEDS SEPARATE ON WEDDING NIGHT

San Francisco, May 4.—Joseph A. Morgan, said to be a member of a wealthy New York family, today planned to make a legal fight to recover his bride who was taken from him last night, a few hours after he was married.

At midnight, when Morgan and his bride were at the Plaza hotel, suddenly the door banged open and in marched Mrs. W. F. Clifton, the bride's mother, accompanied by a policeman. Claiming that the daughter, Dorothy, was only 16 years old, Mrs. Clifton, made her leave her husband and return home. She declared the girl was too young to wed, and that anyway, she had another man in mind who would be a better son-in-law than Morgan, in her opinion.

In applying for the marriage license, Morgan gave his age as 32 and Miss Clifton's as 19.

CHINESE COUPLE IS WEDDED AT BAKER

Baker, May 4.—A few short hours after they had met each other for the first time, D. R. Fong, a local Chinese merchant, and Stella Y. Tom of San Francisco were married in the Presbyterian church with elaborate ceremonies last night. The engagement was made and plans for the wedding arranged entirely by correspondence. Miss Tom, a student at the Chinese mission in San Francisco, arrived yesterday, accompanied by Miss Cameron, a teacher in the mission school.

A few years ago Mrs. Fong was principal in a Chinese smuggling case. Intervention by the mission saved her from deportation.

INJURED SOLDIERS BACK FROM MEXICO

Columbus, N. M., May 4.—Twenty-seven disabled soldiers and one wounded Mexican boy arrived here today in motor ambulances from the interior of Mexico. They were transported from the American base of operations at San Antonio, Mex., and taken to hospitals here and at El Paso.

No word has been received from General Pershing for three days. Officers believed that he had transferred his staff to San Antonio. In the past 24 hours 108 motor truckloads of supplies went into Mexico from Columbus. Pershing has not yet been informed of the pact agreed to by Generals Scott and Obregon.

JONES CREEK BRIDGE TO BE BUILT

Contract Is Let for Concrete Structure to Cost \$1750 Over Stream Mile East of the City of Grants Pass

Contractor A. J. Green will build the new concrete bridge to be erected over Jones creek, the contract having been awarded him by the county court, now in session in this city. The bridge will replace the old wooden structure now in use, and will be a modern type of reinforced construction. It will be of a single 30-foot span. The price bid by Mr. Green was \$1,750 for the completed bridge, and it is to be ready for use by July 1st.

The court is still in session, and is giving much attention to the roads of the county. The state funds that are to be expended upon the road east to the Jackson county line will now be available, and work there will progress at once. The Locust hill stretch will first be regraded upon the lines established by the state highway engineer, and the balance of the fund will go toward improving the road east of there. It will not make the road as good as it is planned ultimately, but will go a long way toward reducing the grades and straightening the curves. It is expected that about \$1,600 will be available at this time from the state fund.

FRENCH GAIN IN MEUSE DISTRICT

Paris, May 4.—French troops during the night extended their lines, consolidating yesterday's gains around Dead Man's hill. It was officially claimed today.

French positions have been improved in the whole region of the Meuse. The German losses at Dead Man's hill yesterday were said to be very heavy.

East of the Meuse bombardments raged around Vaux, but there were no important infantry operations. East of St. Mihiel the French repulsed a strong attack.

French artillery is backing up the Belgians and the British in northern France. Last night French cannons destroyed German works at Grandane, on the seacoast, blowing up a munitions depot, it is believed.

JACKSON COUNTY MURDERER PARDONED BY GOVERNOR

Salem, May 4.—Slowly dying with consumption, Julian A. Mock, convicted of murder and sentenced to the penitentiary from Jackson county in 1910, today received a conditional pardon from Governor Withycombe. The pardon was granted on condition that Mock go to Missouri, where he has relatives. Mock killed Jesse Smith with a heavy hunting knife in a card room at Medford. Appealing to the parole board for a pardon, former District Attorney Mulkey declared that a woman incited Mock to kill Smith.

OREGON FOLLOWS GENERAL INCREASE IN WAGES

Oregon City, May 4.—A general increase of 10 per cent in wages, effective since Monday, May 1, was announced today by the Hawley Pulp & Paper company. The increase affects 325 men and means a larger annual payroll by more than \$35,000.